MONTANA

912.1786
H3M
1975

Official 1975 Highway Map

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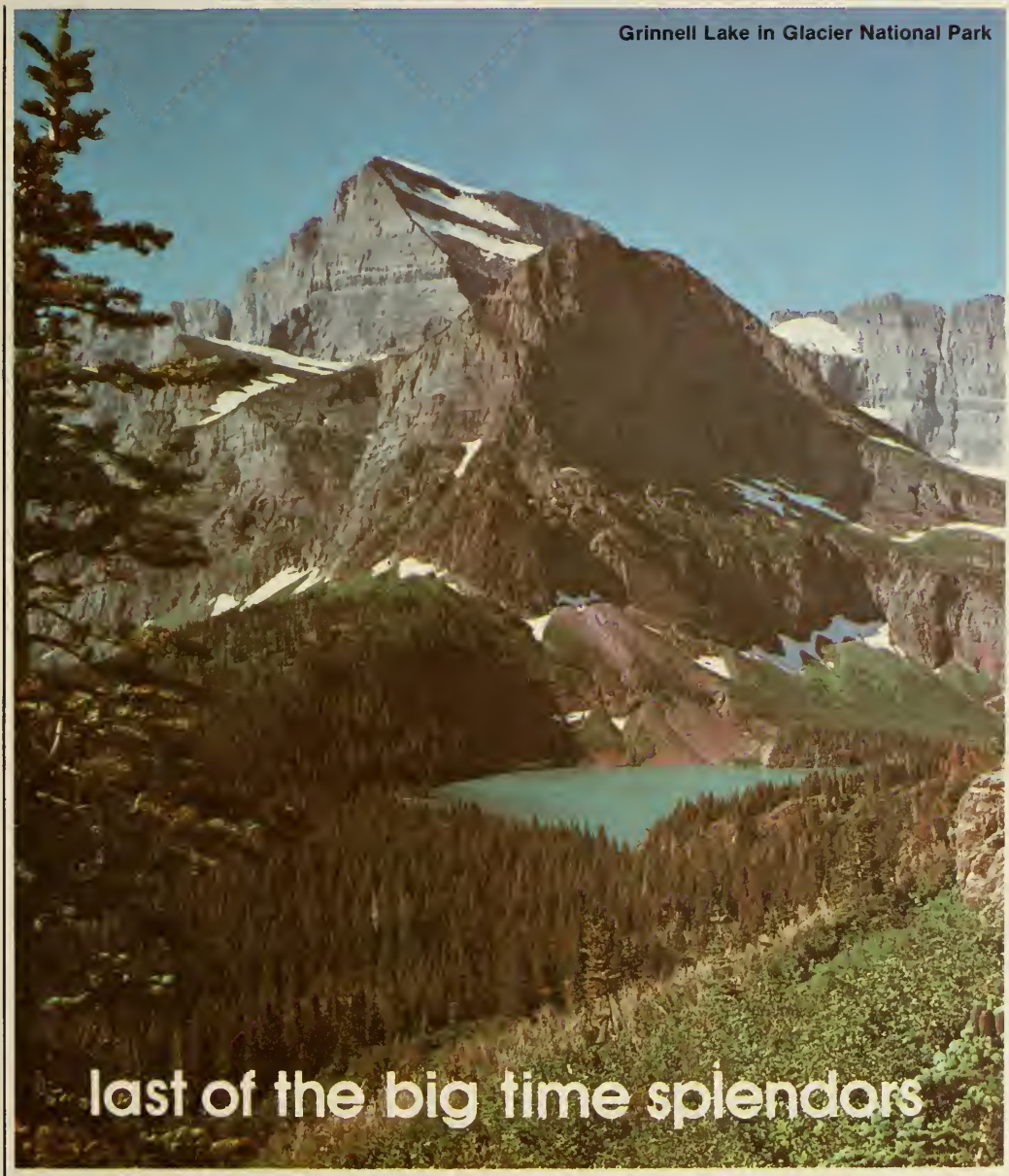
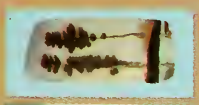
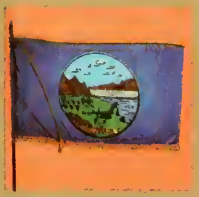


State Bird
Western
Meadowlark

State Flower
The Bitterroot



State Gem Stones
Montana Agate
Montana Sapphire



State Flag with
Seal

State Tree
Ponderosa Pine

State Grass
Bluebunch
Wheatgrass

The Treasure State

MONTANA, the nation's fourth largest state, averages 550 miles in length and 275 miles in width. The Continental Divide runs north and south through the western section. The highest point is Granite Peak, 12,799 feet; the lowest is 1,820 feet on the Kootenai River at the Idaho line. Climate varies with topography and altitude. Average annual rainfall is 15 inches varying from 9.69 to over 100 inches. Average daytime temperatures vary from 28° in January to 84.5° in July.

MONTANA was first seen by FRENCH fur traders in 1743. Lewis and Clark explored the area as part of the Louisiana Purchase in 1805-06; the first trading post was built in 1807 while the first permanent white settlement was St. Mary's Mission founded in 1841, still standing today. Gold prospectors struck it rich in Bannack in 1862 with later strikes in Virginia City and Helena. The first herd of longhorn cattle was trailed from Texas in 1866. The Indian wars ended with Custer's Last Stand in 1876 and a year later Chief Joseph surrendered at the Battle of the Bear's Paw. MONTANA became a territory in 1864 and the 41st state in 1889. Today 6 railroads, 10 bus lines and 4 airlines serve Montana; 9,448 miles of paved urban, secondary, primary and interstate highways cross the state.

MONTANA has a land area of 93,157,952 acres richly endowed with natural resources. In addition to millions of acres of ideal range and cropland, other prominent commodities being utilized for the nation and world are water, copper, timber, coal, lead, oil and natural gas. Livestock is by far the most important agricultural product...but Montana is also a leading producer of wheat, barley, hay and sugar beets. Cash receipts from farm products exceed $1,124,300,000 while the latest estimated value of mineral production is $362,457,000. Copper tops this field, followed by oil and gas. Production of low-sulphur coal in the state is expanding rapidly as the nation seeks new energy supplies.

The timber industry harvests about 1.4 billion board feet annually. Products include lumber, plywood, pulp and paper, manufactured wood products and over a million Christmas trees. Most of the state's power is hydroelectric, but there are six steam generating plants using coal as fuel. Two large additional mine-mouth generating plants are currently under construction. The annual value added by manufacture in Montana is more than $457,000,000 based primarily on processing of raw materials and agricultural commodities.

MONTANA HIGHWAYS

INTERSTATE HIGHWAYS

- Multilane Divided-Controlled Access
- Two Lane-Limited Access
- Full Traffic Interchange
- Partial Traffic Interchange
- Access Denied

PRINCIPAL HIGHWAYS

- Multilane-Divided
- Two Lanes Paved
- Improved-Graveled
- Unsurfaced (Local inquiry may save time)

OTHER HIGHWAYS

- Two Lanes Paved
- Improved-Graveled
- Unsurfaced (Local inquiry may save time)
- Mountain Standard Time Mountain Day Light time, last Sunday in February to last Sunday in October

ROUTE MARKERS

- Interstate Marker
- U.S. Numbered Marker
- Lewis and Clark Trail
- State Route Marker
- Other Route Marker
- Old West Trail

Abbreviations
A = Alternate
BR = Business
BYP = Bypass
N = North
S = South
E = East
W = West

MISCELLANEOUS

- Accumulated Mileage between Red Stars
- Intermediate Mileage between towns, junctions or interchanges
- Airports Commercial Visitor Contact
- Points of Interest, Numbers described to left of map
- Campsites Winter Sports Early Mining Camp
- Fish Hatchery St. Parks Monuments Rec. Areas
- Rest Areas Trailer Dumps No Trailer Dumps
- Port of Entry Open 24 Hours Inquire Locally
- Cities or Towns County Seats State Capital

STATE CAPITAL HELENA

10,000-30,000 **Havre**

30,000 and over **Billings**

One inch represents approximately 22 miles

Under 1,000 Conner

1,000-2,000 Townsend

2,500-10,000 **Livingston**

MONTANA MILEAGE TABLE

Mileage between two cities is determined by following the vertical column under one city and the horizontal column of the other. Mileage distances at map edges are from last Red Star on map

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND SAFETY RULES

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

1. Motorcycles are to be operated with lights on at all times when operated on any public highway or street. Not more than motorcycles shall be operated side by side in a single traffic lane. The operator of motorcycles and passengers, must wear approved headgear while operating on any public street or highway in Montana.
2. Hitchhiking — Hitchhikers shall not portake or hail standing for a period longer than 3 days (48 hours) on the right of way of any public highway or 3 days (180 hours) on any city street, state or county or city property.
3. Vehicles entering most highways must yield right-of-way.
4. Proper signal must be given when passing another vehicle changing direction, stopping or slowing down on the highway. Hand signals or electrical turn indicators are legal.
5. Never drive at a speed greater than that at which you can safely stop within the clear road distance ahead. Slow down at night or when the road is wet or icy.
6. When approaching another car either front or rear dim your lights.
7. Don't stop or park on the highway pull out on the shoulder.
8. Accidents resulting in death, personal injury or property damage of an apparent extent of $250 or more requires immediate notification to the Sheriff, Police or Highway Patrol by quickest means of communication. This notice must be followed by a written report to Montana Highway Patrol Board Helena Montana within ten days.
9. When approaching school busses loading or unloading school children when red lights are flashing you must proceed until school bus resumes motion.
10. Loitering upon or near highway prohibited. Punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both.
11. PREVENT FOREST FIRES—USE YOUR ASH TRAY. During the Forest Fire Season vehicles entering forested areas shall be equipped with shovel bucket and axe, except when traveling numberous state and federal highways.
12. Montana highway regulations provides that no combination of auto and trailer shall exceed 60 ft. in length or 96 in. total outside width or 13 ft. 6 in. in height except with permit. Trailers should carry red lights to the rear, amber or white lights to the front and white side lights. No person shall occupy a house trailer while it is being moved upon the highway.

BROADCASTING STATIONS

City		Dial
Anaconda	KANA	580 Kc
Butte	KBMC	1450 Kc
	KCOR	630 Kc
	KGVM-FM	96.7 mc
Billings	KSMT	1240 Kc
	KBMS-FM	80.5 mc
	KGHL	790 Kc
	KOVO	640 Kc
	KOOK	870 Kc
	KOYN	1230 Kc
	KOYN-FM	93.3 mc
	KBMF	730 Kc
	KURL-FM	97.1 mc
Bozeman	KMMS	1340 Kc
	KXLF-FM	80.1 mc
	KXLF	1490 Kc
Butte	KBOW	550 Kc
	KBOW-FM	94.1 mc
	KCAP	1400 Kc
Deer Lodge	KDRG	1490 Kc
Dillon	KDDM	1490 Kc
	KDDM-FM	98.3 mc
Glasgow	KLTZ	1240 Kc
Glendive	KGCX	1340 Kc
	KXGF-FM	96.9 mc
	KXGN	1600 Kc

City		Dial
Great Falls	KMON-FM	98.6 mc
	KRBR	1600 Kc
	KFBB	1300 Kc
	KMON	560 Kc
	KMON-FM	94.5 mc
	KOPR-FM	104.3 mc
	KPQX	747 Kc
Hamilton	KBMY	1490 Kc
	KLYQ-FM	99.9 mc
Havre	KHQN	1230 Kc
	KOJM	610 Kc
	KFBL	1290 Kc
	KOJM-FM	98.6 mc
	KFBL-FM	104.5 mc
Kalispell	KGEZ	600 Kc
	KOFI	1180 Kc
Lewistown	KXLO	1230 Kc
Libby	KLCB	1350 Kc
Livingston	KGVW	1450 Kc
Miles City	KMTA	1240 Kc
Missoula	KGMY	1450 Kc
	KGVO	1290 Kc
	KUFM-FM	88.1 mc
	KYLT	1370 Kc
	KYSS	97.3 mc
	KYSS-FM	100.1 mc
Plentywood	KWMO-FM	94.1 mc
Red Lodge	KBRX	1450 Kc
Scobey	KCGM-FM	95.7 mc
Shelby	KSEN	1150 Kc
Sidney	KGCX	1460 Kc
West Yellowstone	KWYS	820 Kc
West Point	KVCK	1450 Kc

POINTS OF INTEREST

1. **LAST CHANCE GULCH (E-4)** Gold was discovered on July 14, 1864. Third Territorial and present State Capitol. State Capitol Building and Historical Museum and Library. Visitors welcome. Conducted tour of Helena by Last Chance Tour Train. Carroll College. Montana Wesleyan College. Helena School. State Library. Governor's Old Mansion. Vo Tech Center.
2. **RICHEST HILL ON EARTH (F-4)** Gold, silver, copper and zinc from deep mines and open pits. World Museum of mining. 23 acres of exhibits. Mining Hall of Fame. Yesterday to present. Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology. Vo Tech Center.
3. **CUSTER BATTLEFIELD NATIONAL MONUMENT (G-9)** June 25, 1876. Battle of the Little Big Horn. General George A. Custer and his Seventh Cavalry were soon to the last man by the combined forces of the Sioux and Cheyenne Indian tribes. Battle re-enacted on week-end nearest anniversary date of Custer's death. Custer National Cemetery.
4. **FORT PECK DAM AND RESERVOIR (C-10)** Boating and fishing. World's largest earth filled dam impounds the Missouri River forming a vast lake 134 miles in length with over 1,500 miles of shoreline. Recreation areas.
5. **GATES OF THE MOUNTAINS (G-6)** Discovered and named July 19, 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Sheer cliffs rise to 1,200 feet above the river's surface. Abounds with interesting rock shapes. Mid-horn bighorn sheep, mountain goats. Boat trips from Helena daily.
6. **GREAT FALLS OF THE MISSOURI RIVER (C-5)** Discovered in 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Giant Springs, world's largest fresh water springs. Gore Hill Park. Vo Tech Center. Montana State College of Great Falls. Vo Tech Center. Montana School Deaf and Blind. Malmstrom Air Force Base. Corps of Artist Charles M. Russell original cabin and Art Gallery.
7. **LEWIS AND CLARK CAVERNS STATE PARK (F-5)** One of the nation's largest limestone caverns. Stalactites, stalagmites, clusters and flowstone provide an exciting 90 minute guided tour.
8. **MADISON CANYON EARTHQUAKE AREA (N-5)** At 11:37 P.M. August 17, 1959 an earthquake measuring 6.6 on the Richter scale shook the mountain into the canyon creating a giant dam and Quake Lake. Memorial erected to those who died.
9. **NATIONAL BISON RANGE (D-2)** Large herd of bison, elk, pronghorns, whitetail and mule deer, some longhorn cattle and many species of birds. Visitor center conducted auto tours from late June until Labor Day.
10. **YELLOWTAIL DAM AND BIGHORN CANYON NATIONAL RECREATION AREA (G-9)** Multi-million dollar 500 foot high Yellowtail dam in spectacular Bighorn Canyon. Visitors center, boat ramp, fishing and recreation.
11. **MUSEUM OF THE PLAINS INDIAN (B-3)** An exhibition and crafts center portraying the life and history of Plains Indians in the days the buffalo ran. Open June through September with the supervision of the Indian Arts and Crafts Board.
12. **COW CAPITAL OF THE WEST (E-11)** Range Riders Museum, a memorial to those who rode the unfenced open range. Annual Mid-May bucking horse sale. Miles Community College. Fort Mills School. Agriculture Experiment Station and Veterans Administration Hospital.
13. **ST IGNATIUS MISSION (D-2)** Established in 1854 for the Flathead Indians. The present church is said to be the third most beautiful in the world. It is open to visitors during the summer.
14. **MEDICINE ROCK STATE PARK (F-12)** 200 acres containing numerous weird and oddly shaped sandrock formations in the bluff of wind erosion. Custer County Museum at Baldedge exhibits specimens of prehistoric times dinosaurs fossils etc.
15. **GEORGETOWN LAKE AREA (F-3)** Rockhounding, short towers camping, fishing, hunting. World's largest smoke stack at Anaconda Smelter.
16. **BOWDOIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE (B-9)** Abounds with resident and migratory waterfowl. Canadian geese, ducks of all species, diamond rearing birds and upland game birds. Antelope deer and occasionally even elk.
17. **ALDER GULCH (G-4)** Rich gold placer diggings were discovered in the spring of 1863. Historic Virginia City soon became the second Territorial Capital. Reconstructed ghost towns and restaurant country.
18. **MIDLAND EMPIRE-MAGIC CITY (F-8)** Yellowstone Museum Stage Rider Monument. Foothill Cemetery. Eastern Montana College and Rocky Mountain College. Vo Tech Center. Area Office Bureau of Indian Affairs.
19. **DILLON AREA (G-4)** Fishing and hunting country. Ghost towns of Bannack, first Territorial Capital Gold was discovered in July 1862. Beaverhead County Museum archaeology and geology exhibits. Dickens Cemetery.
20. **HISTORIC BITTERROOT VALLEY (E-2)** Stevensville St. Mary's Mission and Historical Park. Fort Owen now a State Monument was established in 1850. Hamilton U. S. Public Health Service Hospital.
21. **GALLATIN EMPIRE (G-3)** Bozeman named for John M. Bozeman, pioneer wagonmaster of the early sixties. Recreation Area Bureau of Indian Affairs. Montana Agricultural Experiment Station.
22. **HUB OF FIVE GREAT VALLEYS (D-2)** Missoula University of Montana. Vo Tech Center. Northern Region Headquarters U.S. Forest Service. Smoke Jumpers Air Depot. Smoke Jumpers Center. Smith Fort Missoula Historical Park.
23. **FLATHEAD LAKE AREA (C-2)** Center of great year around playground area. Big game hunting and fishing in every direction with water sports camping and out door recreation unlimited.
24. **TRIBAL ARTS AND CRAFTS (B-11)** Poplar. Over 3,000 Assiniboine and Sioux Indians welcome you to their million acre reservation. Wolf Point granddaddy of Montana rodeos, the Wild Horse Stampede 2nd week in July.
25. **GLACIER NATIONAL PARK (A-3)** Going to the Sun Road an engineering masterpiece overlooks the most spectacular scenery in the world.
26. **POMPEY'S PILLAR (F-8)** July 25, 1806 Captain William Clark carved his name and date on this towering 200 foot high rock formation. The signature is still there. Registered National Historic Landmark.
27. **BEARTOOTH COUNTRY (G-7)** Travel this scenic switchback highway to an elevation of 10,940 feet for a magnificent panorama of the alpine lakes and country below. Early mining camps fishing, hunting and winter sports.
28. **MAKOSHIKA STATE PARK (D-13)** Erosion by wind and water have created the colorful badlands. Glendive Frontier Gateway Museum historical displays. Dawson College. East Montana College.
29. **LEWISTOWN AREA (D-7)** Geographic center of Montana. Heart of the Judith Basin country. Fast-bound, hunting, fishing, recreation area. Montana center for the aged.
30. **YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK (H-3)** A world apart of natural wonders, colorful canyons, sparkling waters, interesting geysers and abundant wildlife.
31. **FORT BENTON (C-6)** Founded as a fur trading post in 1846, with much of the old fort preserved in a city park. Mouth of steamboat navigation on Missouri River (1860-1887). Old Steamboat levee is a National Historic Landmark. Fine museum of relics in a colorful and eventful history.
32. **LIVINGSTON (F-6)** Homestead Round-in 1806, Captain Clark reached the Yellowstone River at the site which is now Livingston. Youth gateway daily winter entrance to Yellowstone Park. Annual rodeo July 4th. Trout Derby in August.
33. **LIBBY DAM (B-1)** A 420 feet high 2 200 feet long multi-purpose dam-multi-purpose water resources project. Forming 90 mile long Lake Koocanusa. Visitors Visits. Recreation Area.
34. **CHEYENNE COUNTRY (F-10)** Northern Cheyenne Craft Center at Lame Deer. Authentic Indian arts crafts and tribal songs. Public camping including repeers.
35. **SCOBEY (A-11)** Daniels County Museum consists of a restored pioneer town of the early 1900's. Includes homestead shack, church, school, stores, also antique tractors, farm machinery, cars and trucks.

INDEX

COUNTIES

Population 694,409 (1970 Census)

Area 147,138 sq. miles

Capital Helena

Beaverhead 9,277 D-3
Big Horn 10,991 H-12
Blaine 7,009 C-9
Broadwater 2,074 F-6
Carbon 7,868 G-4
Carter 1,336 G-12
Cascade 81,804 D-5
Chouteau 5,970 C-7
Custer 11,697 F-12
Daniels 2,417 A-11
Dawson 10,098 E-12
Deer Lodge 19,652 F-3
Fallon 3,103 H-11
Fergus 12,083 E-7
Flathead 39,460 B-2
Gallatin 32,505 G-3
Garfield 1,786 D-8
Glacier 10,638 B-4
Golden Valley 961 F-9
Granite 2,937 F-4
Hill 17,550 B-6
Jefferson 3,228 F-4
Judith Basin 3,541 D-7
Lake 12,995 C-2
Lewis and Clark 47,495 E-5
Liberty 2,253 B-7
Lincoln 12,584 A-1
Madison 5,989 G-5
McCone 3,875 D-10
Meagher 2,763 F-8
Mineral 1,462 D-2
Missoula 58,263 D-3
Musselshell 4,497 E-7
Park 14,017 F-6
Petroleum 675 E-8
Phillips 5,984 B-8
Pondera 6,433 C-4
Powder River 2,982 H-12
Powell 6,682 D-4
Prairie 1,752 E-11
Ravalli 14,409 F-2
Richland 10,653 B-12
Roosevelt 10,063 B-11
Rosebud 6,383 H-9
Sanders 3,979 A-2
Sheridan 4,822 C-12
Silver Bow 37,261 F-4
Stillwater 4,497 F-10
Sweet Grass 2,960 F-6
Teton 5,116 C-6
Toole 5,679 B-5
Treasure 1,183 H-8
Valley 10,568 B-10
Wheatland 2,259 E-8
Wibaux 1,622 A-12
Yellowstone 87,367 G-8
Yellowstone Nat'l. Pk. (part) H-6

CITIES AND TOWNS

1970 Census or Estimates

•County Seats

†Hospitals

Absarokee 500 G-5
Acton 50 G-8
Alberton 350 D-2
Alder 100 G-4
Amsterdam 100 F-5
Anaconda 12,518 F-3
Antelope 200 C-12
Angela 25 E-10
Arlee 350 D-2
Ashland 500 H-11
Augusta 350 C-4
Babb 250 A-4
Bainville 350 B-11
Baker 2,500 E-12
Basin 250 F-4
Bearcreek 100 G-7
Belfry 100 H-7
Belgrade 2,500 G-4
Belt 1,500 D-6
Big Arm 100 C-2
Big Fork 350 B-2
Big Sandy 1,500 C-6
Big Timber 1,800 G-7
Billings 61,581 H-8
Birney 50 H-10
Bonner 2,000 E-5
Boulder 1,000 F-5
Box Elder 200 B-6
Brady 100 C-4
Bridger 1,000 H-7
Broadus 500 H-12
Brockton 350 B-11
Browning 1,000 A-4
Bruno 50 H-10
Buffalo 50 H-10
Busby 300 H-9
Butte 23,368 F-4
Byron 500 H-6
Cameron 200 G-4
Canyon Creek 50 E-6
Carbon Hill 100 H-7
Carlyle 50 H-10
Carter 100 C-6
Cartersville 50 H-8
Castle 50 G-7
Cascade 800 D-5
Centerville 50 H-8
Chester 1,500 B-6
Chinook 2,500 B-8
Choteau 1,800 C-5
Circle 1,000 D-12
Clancy 200 F-4
Clearwater 50 D-3
Cleveland 50 H-8
Clinton 100 E-4
Colstrip 1,500 H-9
Columbia Falls 3,500 B-2
Columbus 1,500 G-7
Conner 50 G-5
Content 50 H-8
Corvallis 1,000 E-2
Coryell 50 H-8
Crane 50 H-12
Crow Agency 1,500 H-6
Culbertson 1,000 A-11
Cut Bank 5,000 B-4
Darby 500 E-2
Dayton 100 B-2
Decker 100 H-7
Deer Lodge 4,000 F-3
Denton 500 E-7
Dillon 4,000 G-4
Divide 100 F-4
Dixon 100 C-2
Dodson 350 B-8
Drummond 500 F-4
Dutton 500 C-5
East Helena 1,500 F-5
Ekalaka 500 H-12
Elliston 100 F-4
Emigrant 100 G-6
Ennis 500 G-4
Eureka 1,000 A-2
Fairfield 500 C-5
Fairview 1,000 A-12
Flaxville 100 A-12
Florence 500 E-2
Forsyth 2,500 H-8
Fort Benton 1,500 C-6
Fort Peck 100 B-10
Fortine 100 A-1
Fort Shaw 100 C-5
Four Corners 90 H-8
Fromberg 500 H-7
Froid 350 A-10
Gardiner 500 H-5
Garneill 100 E-7
Geraldine 500 C-6
Gildford 100 B-6
Glasgow 3,500 A-10
Glendive 5,500 H-11
Grass Range 200 E-8
Great Falls 60,091 C-5
Greenough 100 E-2
Hamilton 3,500 E-2
Hardin 2,500 H-8
Harlem 1,000 B-7
Harlowton 1,000 F-7
Hathaway 100 H-8
Havre 10,201 B-7
Helena 22,730 F-5
Heron 100 A-1
Highwood 100 C-6
Hingham 150 B-7
Hobson 300 D-6
Hot Springs 500 B-1
Huntley 100 H-8
Ismay 100 H-12
Jackson 100 G-4
Jefferson City 100 F-5
Joliet 500 H-8
Jordan 500 D-11
Judith Gap 100 E-7
Kalispell 10,233 B-2
Kevin 200 C-5
Kila 100 B-2
Kildeer 100 A-11
Kinsey 100 H-11
Lakeside 1,000 B-2
Lambert 200 A-11
Laurel 5,000 H-8
Lavina 200 F-8
Lewistown 6,000 D-7
Libby 2,500 A-1
Lima 500 H-4
Lincoln 1,000 E-4
Livingston 6,994 G-6
Lodge Grass 500 H-8
Loma 100 B-5
Lonepine 100 D-2
Malta 2,500 B-9
Manhattan 1,000 F-5
Marion 100 B-2
Martinsdale 100 F-7
Medicine Lake 350 A-11
Melstone 100 F-8
Miles City 8,487 H-11
Milltown 500 E-3
Missoula 29,497 D-3
Moccasin 100 E-6
Monarch 100 C-5
Montana City 100 F-5
Moore 200 E-7
Musselshell 100 E-7
Nashua 300 A-11
Neihart 100 F-6
Nye 100 H-7
Opheim 300 A-12
Orchard Homes 1,000 G-5
Outlook 100 A-12
Pablo 1,000 C-2
Park City 630 H-8
Parker 100 H-8
Peerless 100 A-12
Philipsburg 1,279 F-3
Pinesdale 500 G-4
Plains 1,000 D-2
Plentywood 1,800 A-12
Polaris 100 G-4
Polson 3,000 C-2
Pompeys Pillar 200 H-8
Port of Del Bonita 50 A-5
Port of Piegan 50 A-4
Port of Roosville 50 A-1
Port of Scobey 50 A-11
Port of Sweetgrass 50 B-6
Port of Turner 50 A-8
Port of Whitlash 50 A-6
Power 200 C-5
Poplar 1,000 A-12
Powderville 100 H-11
Pray 50 G-5
Presbo 50 H-8
Quigley 50 H-8
Rapelje 100 H-8
Red Lodge 2,000 H-7
Reed Point 100 H-8
Richey 500 H-11
Ringling 100 F-6
Rock Creek 100 H-8
Rocky Boy 100 B-7
Rollins 100 C-2
Ronan 1,000 C-2
Roscoe 100 H-8
Roundup 2,000 E-8
Rudyard 350 B-6
Ryegate 300 F-8
Saco 300 A-11
Salesville 50 H-8
Saltese 100 E-2
Sanders 300 B-12
Santa Rita 50 B-6
Saphire 50 H-8
Scobey 1,000 A-11
Seeley Lake 1,000 D-2
Shawmut 50 H-8
Shelby 3,000 B-6
Sheridan 750 H-11
Sidney 4,000 H-12
Silesia 50 H-8
Silver Gate 100 H-5
Silver Star 100 G-4
Simms 300 C-5
Somers 300 B-2
Springdale 100 G-6
Stanford 500 D-6
Stevensville 1,000 E-2
Sula 100 F-2
Sumatra 100 H-12
Sunburst 500 B-6
Superior 1,000 D-2
Swan Lake 300 C-2
Sweetgrass 100 B-6
Terry 1,500 H-11
Thompson Falls 1,500 C-1
Three Forks 1,100 F-5
Townsend 1,500 F-6
Trego 100 B-1
Troy 1,000 A-1
Turner 100 A-8
Twin Bridges 500 G-4
Two Dot 100 F-7
Valier 500 B-5
Vaughn 100 C-5
Victor 500 E-2
Virginia City 100 G-4
Walkerville 1,000 F-4
Wall Creek 100 H-12
Warm Springs 1,000 F-3
Westby 300 A-12
West Glacier 100 B-3
West Yellowstone 500 H-3
Whitefish 3,500 B-2
Whitehall 1,000 G-4
Whitetail 100 A-12
Wibaux 500 A-12
Willow Creek 100 F-5
Winifred 200 D-6
Winnett 300 E-8
Wisdom 100 G-3
Wolf Creek 100 C-5
Wolf Point 3,500 A-12
Worden 100 H-8
Wyola 100 H-8
Zortman 100 B-9

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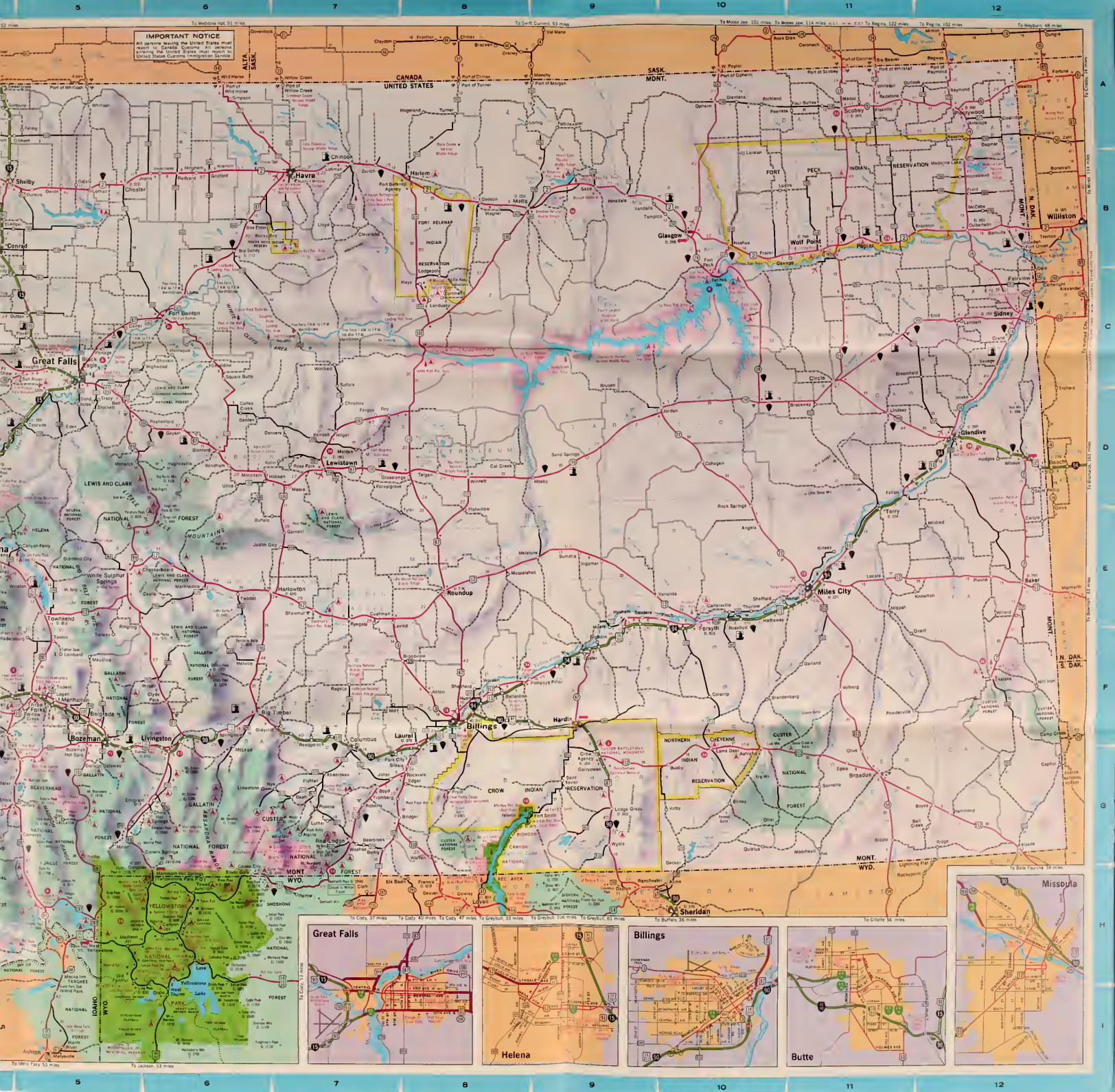
IMPORTANT NOTICE
All persons leaving the United States must report to Canada Customs. All persons entering the United States must report to United States Customs Immigration Service
CANADA
UNITED STATES
ALTA.
SASK.
SASK.
MONT.
Great Falls
Havre
Chinook
Harlem
Malta
Glasgow
Wolf Point
Williston
Sidney
Glendive
Miles City
Lewistown
Roundup
Billings
Hardin
Laurel
Bozemen
Livingston
Big Timber
Columbus
Red Lodge
Sheridan
Fort Benton
Conrad
Shelby
Chester
Fort Belknap Agency
Fort Peck Dam
Poplar
Circle
Terry
Baker
Forsyth
Colstrip
Broadus
Ashland
Lame Deer
Crow Agency
Custer Battlefield National Monument
Yellowstone National Park
Missoula
Great Falls
Helena
Billings
Butte

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Enjoy all five great countries of Montana...

Glacier Country

Long before the white man and Indian were here, a great sheet of ice moved down from the north to cover this land. It uprooted, gouged and buckled the terrain until it was completely reshaped. And when the ice receded, Montana's Glacier Country was born.

Dotted with alpine lakes, etched with crystalline streams, cushioned by soft evergreen forests—northwestern Montana ranks high among the world's fabled areas of natural beauty. And it is also recognized as an outstanding recreational area. Its abundance of wildlife and wilderness draws backpackers, fishermen, campers, hikers, photographers, mountain climbers and rock-hounds from all over the world.

The region is also home for many of America's magnificent animals. Bighorn sheep and mountain goats move effortlessly along sheer granite cliffs. Moose and bear abound in natural splendor. Bald eagles swoop down to pluck spawn-spent kokanee salmon from the pure waters of a rushing stream.

There's so much to see—so much to do—so much to remember long afterwards. Plan now to set aside enough time to enjoy all of Glacier Country!

Yellowstone Treasure Country

Name your pleasure—the odds are you'll find it in Yellowstone Treasure Country.

Maybe it's history. Southwestern Montana is dotted with ghost towns bearing names like Southern Cross, Bearmouth, Atlantic Cable—and the once notorious gold towns of Virginia City and Nevada City. Their cemeteries are the resting places for some infamous claim jumpers and other beneficiaries of swift vigilante justice. You can tour the Big Hole National Battlefield—or stand in the spot where gold was discovered in Last Chance Gulch, now the main street of Helena, Montana's capital.

How about fishing? With such famous streams as the Big Hole, Gallatin, Madison, Missouri, Jefferson, Yellowstone and Beaverhead—it sounds like a roll call of the country's blue-ribbon trout waters.

Back packing, camping, hiking, canoeing? The dense forests that blanket much of the area are laced with hundreds of mountain trails and remote campsites. You'll travel in the company of deer, elk, moose, beaver, snowshoe rabbit and bald eagle. And you'll find plenty of opportunities to dip your paddle into the misty morning stillness of a mountain lake.

You can pan for gold—dig for sapphires—or keep a sharp lookout for arrowheads along a creek bank.

Whatever it is you enjoy—you can't help enjoying it more in Yellowstone Treasure Country!

Charlie Russell Country

Creativity took many forms in Charles M. Russell. As a painter and sculptor of the Old West, he was right up there with the masters. As a poet, story-teller and historian, his pen and paint brush detailed the everyday life of ranch hand and Indian brave with great accuracy. As a working cowboy, he handled horse, rope and maverick with the best of them.

He made the sun-washed prairie of his north central Montana home come alive under his brush. He translated the striking beauty of the Missouri River breaks onto his canvas.

Take the time to see this haunting land called Charlie Russell Country. Most of it remains just as this remarkable Montanan saw it—and painted it.

Summit Lake in the Seeley-Swan Valley

Shadows along the Missouri River near Fort Benton

Monte Montana celebrates 50th year in show business at Wolf Point's annual July Wild Horse Stampede

Annual Reenactment of Custer battle near Hardin

Dude ranch country—south of Livingston

Missouri River Country

Everything is big in Montana's Missouri River Country. Vast prairies roll away to all four compass points. Two mighty rivers—the Missouri and the Yellowstone—sweep through it toward their eventual meeting. Sprawling Fort Peck Reservoir—fourth largest in the world—attracts boaters, fishermen and swimmers, while fossil-hunters comb its shores for some pre-historic prize. The haunting badlands of Makoshika State Park work their spell on photographer, artist and rock-hound.

For a big vacation—plan to spend some time in Montana's Missouri River Country.

Custer Country

Listen! You can almost hear the faint echo of 7th Cavalry bugles signaling the charge...the sharp report of carbines and soft sigh of streaking arrows ...the furious sounds of men and horses racing toward destiny...and, finally, silence...betrayed only by the wind. At the Custer Battlefield National Monument in southeastern Montana, you can relive the tragedy and the glory of that hot Sunday in June, 1876 when the controversial Lt. Col. George A. Custer and 261 of his men fell to Sioux and Cheyenne arrows.

You can drive the circle tour around the battlefield...visit the museum with its relics and life-like dioramas...and, as thousands before you, try to unravel the riddle of the Little Bighorn.

Or you can climb Pompey's Pillar, a 150 foot sandstone outcrop where Capt. William Clark—co-leader of the Lewis and Clark Expedition—carved his name on a rock...and into America's history books.

But there's more than history to be found here. Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area...Medicine Rocks State Park...Custer National Forest...and much more waiting for you in Montana's CUSTER COUNTRY.

Salmon Lake in Lolo National Forest

Montana National Forests

Montana—the state with so much to do—and so much room to do it in. Our 10 national forests and 16,635,000 acres of public lands assure plenty of space and infinite possibilities for the backpacker, camper, fisherman, hunter, wildlife photographer or any outdoor enthusiast.

Rainbow Trout—favorite of fisherman everywhere

Montana Is Fishing Country

Montana waters hold a rich variety of angling adventures. In the west, six different kinds of trout plus grayling and salmon rise readily to fly or lure. In the east, walleyes, northern pike, bass and the exotic paddlefish provide the challenge. Whatever your fishing pleasure, you can bet you'll find more of it in Montana!

Dude Ranches

If you and your family would like a taste of real western life, there's no better place to find it than on a Montana dude ranch. Most are "working" ranches where guests take part in the actual operation. Your days will be filled with trail rides, rodeos and fishing—your nights with chuck wagon cook-outs and campfires under the Big Sky.

Montana dude ranchers offer family vacations

North American Indian Days—Browning

Indian Reservations

Montana is home to seven North American Indian tribes and a visit to a reservation can be a fascinating family adventure. Powwows, dances, parades, art and craft displays—all presided over with genuine Indian hospitality—can pack a lot of pleasure into an afternoon—or several days.

Backpack Vacations

The best way to know the wilderness is to walk through it by day and sleep in it at night. That's why Montana backpacking vacations have become so popular with natives and visitors alike. They present the best opportunity to see the land up close and savor all that it has to offer.

Backpacking in the Spanish Peaks Primitive Area

Golf tourney, near Helena

Float Trips

For many, it's the white-water challenge of a roaring western river. For others, it's a relaxing summer float down a lazy stream. For *all* who enjoy river floating, it's Montana. Two of our most historic and scenic rivers—the Missouri and Yellowstone—feature organized float trips. The best time is after spring run-off, usually from mid to late June. Be sure to inquire as to river conditions and hazards before starting a trip.

Fighting the Bear Trap on the Madison River

Montana Is Trail Country

Two major trails wind through Montana on modern highways—and each holds an opportunity for adventure at every turn.

The Old West Trail is a self-guiding automobile tour to historic and scenic sites in five western states. Bonafide attractions are marked with the distinctive Buffalo Head symbol.

In 1804-06, the Lewis & Clark Expedition carved a 1940-mile trail through Montana. Much of the original route remains unchanged. Over 200 highway markers guide you in the great explorers' footsteps.

Rock Hunting

For rock-hounds, Montana's nickname of The Treasure State is doubly appropriate. Precious and semi-precious stones are still found among our creeks and hills. Gold panning and sapphire hunting rank high as popular vacation activities

Montana Autumn

The sight of green forests interrupted by splashes of red, gold, yellow and auburn. The smell of freshly-caught brook trout frying over a driftwood fire. The sound of migrating waterfowl as they begin their south-bound exodus. Fall in Montana is an experience for all the senses.

There's a lot to see and do...and you can do it all at your own leisurely pace now that the summer vacationers are gone. For a week or a weekend, escape to Montana—and the autumn experience.

A splash of autumn—near Hamilton

Montana Winter

Twenty-seven ski areas, with runs that start near the top of a continent and end at some of the finest facilities found anywhere. Just enough people to make it interesting. Miles of trails for cross country skiing or snowmobiling. Ice fishing. Snow shoe hiking. Exciting winter carnivals...out in the open where the air can get at you.

If you have not tried Montana in the winter—you're missing half the fun.

Famous Montana powder snow at Big Sky

Flowers and splendor—St Mary's Lake, Glacier National Park

Glacier National Park

The area that now comprises Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park was once hallowed ground to the Blackfeet Indians. It was sacred because one of their gods—Napi—chose it as his route to Heaven. Anyone who has experienced the majesty of Glacier will agree—it's very close to Paradise.

Within the Park's million acres are 700 miles of back-country trails that lead the hiker or horseman to 50 live glaciers, several cascading waterfalls and upland meadows awash with wild flowers. For those who prefer their sight-seeing by car, the spectacular Going-to-the-Sun Road crosses the Continental Divide at Logan Pass and traverses the towering Garden Wall.

For the angler, sparkling glacial lakes and icy mountain creeks hold hungry trout and salmon, eager for a fight. (No fishing license is required in Glacier.) Campgrounds ranging in size from six to 200 campsites invite the camper or backpacker to unroll his sleeping bag under the Big Sky.

For the 1975 season, hotels, motels and other facilities will remain open three weeks longer than in past years. They will open about the second week in June and continue until the third week in September, two weeks beyond the usual Labor Day closing time

Yellowstone National Park

How many places do you know where you can feel the misty spray of a geyser on your face, catch a two-pound Cutthroat trout and have your ears benumbed by the bugling of a romantic bull elk—all in the same day? It could only happen in Yellowstone—America's oldest and most famous national park.

The towering plume of Old Faithful is its symbol. But it's only one of 10,000 thermal wonders scattered among the Park's 2,221,000 acres. Seething mud pots and bubbling hot springs are other examples of Nature's chemistry lab at work.

In low-flying meadows—and often along the roadside—the abundant wildlife of Yellowstone can be easily observed. Because they have lived close to man, deer, elk, moose, bison and bear seem quite tame. They are not, however, and should only be watched from a safe distance.

Lower Falls—Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone

Yellowstone National Park is accessible by car through five entrances—three in Montana. The west entrance is served during the summer vacation season by a modern jetport at West Yellowstone, Montana.

The main season in Yellowstone begins in early May and continues through mid-October, depending on snow conditions. The lively and beautiful winter season starts around mid-December and extends through mid-March, again subject to snow conditions.

National Register of Historic Places

Key numbers refer to location on the highway map

Preserved by National Park Service

GLACIER COUNTRY
- Lewis & Clark Portage — Lewis and Clark Trail B-4
- St. Ignatius Mission — Historic original frescoes C-2
- Two Medicine Fight Site — Lewis and Clark Trail B-4

CHARLIE RUSSELL COUNTRY
- Fort Benton — remains of 1858 fort C-5
- Fort Benton Historic District — earth-clay navigation port C-5
- Great Falls Portage S.E. of Great Falls, Junction Highways 87 and 91 at Lewis and Clark Trail D-5
- Russell Charles M. Original Studio and House, Great Falls D-5
- Chief Joseph Battlefield of the Bear's Paw State Monument B-7

MISSOURI RIVER COUNTRY
- Fort Union — early day trading post B-13
- Fort Peck Agency — Poplar B-11
- Hagen Site — pre historic Indian S.E. of Glendive D-12
- Wibaux House/Office — historic 1883 building D-12

YELLOWSTONE TREASURE COUNTRY
- Bannack State Monument — 1st Montana Territorial Capital Historic District G-3
- Beaverhead Rock — Lewis and Clark Trail G-4
- Big Hole Battlefield National Monument F-3
- Billings Chamber of Commerce Building — Historic building and contents F-4
- Boot Hill — Historic pioneer cemetery Virginia City F-4
- Canyon Creek Laboratory (1894) Hamilton E-2
- Chief Plenty Coups Memorial State Monument G-6
- Clark, Wm. A. Mansion Butte F-4
- Dale (Marcus) Horse Anaconda F-3
- Forney Executive Mansion Helena E-4
- Fort Logan and Blockhouse E-3
- Fort Owen Stevensville E-2
- Grand Active Ranch E-2
- Hearst Free Library, Anaconda F-3
- Helena Indian Trail I State Capital E-4
- Hugo House, Historic, private use Helena E-4
- Lemhi Pass, Lewis and Clark Trail G-2
- Line Trail, Old, National Forest D-3
- Madison Buffalo Jump State Monument F-5

- Parmly Billings Memorial Billings, 1901 Building F-6
- Pictograph Cave State Monument F-6
- St. Mary's Mission Stevensville E-2
- Three Forks, birthplace Missouri River F-5
- Travelers Rest, Lewis and Clark Trail E-3
- Virginia City, 2nd Montana Territorial Capital G-4
  Historic District

CUSTER COUNTRY
- Custer Battlefield F-8
- Pompeys Pillar, Lewis and Clark Trail F-9
- Rosebud Battlefield, 1876, 6 mi. s. of Kirby D-10

NATIONAL MONUMENTS
- Custer Battlefield F-8
- Big Hole Battlefield F-3

NATIONAL RECREATION AREA
- Bighorn Canyon Yellowtail Dam G-8

Montana State Parks and Monuments

Key numbers refer to location on the highway map

LEWIS AND CLARK CAVERNS F-5
- Famous first Treasure County

The largest limestone caverns in the northwest. Nationally air conditioned electrically lighted safe and comfortable Guided Tours daily from May 1 to September 30 require 90 minutes at $1 for adults, 50¢ for children. Picnic and camping area. Just off I-90 47 miles east of Butte.

MISSOURI RIVER RECREATION WATERWAY B-6, 7
- Charlie Russell Country

A series of five boater campsites are situated at intervals on the Missouri River between Virginia and James Kipp State Recreation Area in Charlie Russell Country. The five sites are Coal Banks Landing, Cow Island Landing, Judith Landing, Hole-in-The-Wall and Slaughter River. On the route of Lewis and Clark.

MISSOURI RIVER WOLF CREEK CANYON RECREATION ROAD D-4
- Charlie Russell Country

The Recreation Road begins approximately 25 mi. due north of Helena just off I-15 and continues north along Prickly Pear Creek and the Missouri River for about 33 miles. Camping, fishing and picnic sites are available along this scenic recreation area.

BANNACK MONUMENT G-3
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

Montana's first territorial capital is now a ghost town; well maintained, full of history. Off U.S. 91 near Dillon.

CHIEF JOSEPH BATTLEFIELD B-7
- Charlie Russell Country

18 miles south of Chinook. Marks the final battle and surrender of Chief Joseph of the Nez Perce. After a bitter six day siege the famed warrior said: "From where the sun now stands I will fight no more forever."

CHIEF PLENTY COUPS MEMORIAL G-6
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

35 miles south of Billings at Pryor. Indian relics museum.

PICTOGRAPH CAVE MONUMENT F-6
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

East of Billings. Indian petroglyphs on cave walls.

FORT OWEN MONUMENT E-2
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

Montana's first white settlement. Off U.S. 93 at Stevensville south of Missoula.

MADISON BUFFALO JUMP MONUMENT F-5
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

7 miles south of Logan west of Bozeman off I-90. The buffalo jump (pishkun) vividly demonstrates a hunting technique used by prehistoric man in Montana as long as 2,000 years ago or more.

MISSOURI RIVER HEADWATERS MONUMENT F-5
- Yellowstone Treasure Country

Off I-90 suits Three Forks Lewis and Clark discovered the Jefferson, Madison and Gallatin Rivers joining to form the Missouri.

GIANT SPRINGS STATE PARK C-5
- Charlie Russell Country

Newly acquired state parks area (facilities under construction). One of the largest fresh water springs in the world. Giant Springs flows at a measured rate of 338 million gallons of water per day. Discovered by the Lewis and Clark Expedition in 1805.

GLACIER COUNTRY
- Ashley Lake Recreation Area — west of Kalispell off U.S. 2 B-3
- Beartooth Recreation Area — north of Helena near Prima Lake off I-15 D-4
- Big Arm State Recreation Area — north of Polson on Flathead Lake off U.S. 93 C-2
- Bitterroot Lake Recreation Area — west of Kalispell off U.S. 2 B-2
- Echo Recreation Area — northeast of Polson on Flathead Lake off U.S. 93 C-2
- Finley Point State Recreation Area — northeast of Polson on Flathead Lake off Montana 35 C-3
- Hooper State Recreation Area — east of Missoula off Montana 200 D-4
- Lake Mary Ronan State Recreation Area — northwest of Polson off U.S. 93 C-2
- Logan State Recreation Area — west of Kalispell off U.S. 2 B-1
- Lone Pine State Park — west of Kalispell off U.S. 2 B-2
- Makoshika State Park — east of Glendive off I-94 D-13
- Thompson Falls State Recreation Area — west of Thompson Falls off Montana 200 C-1
- Wayfarer State Recreation Area — east of Somers on Flathead Lake off Montana 209 B-3
- West Shore State Park — south of Kalispell on Flathead Lake off U.S. 93 C-2
- Whitefish Lake State Recreation Area — east of Whitefish on Whitefish Lake off U.S. 93 B-3
- Woods Bay State Recreation Area — east of Bigfork on Flathead Lake off Montana 35 B-3
- Yellow Bay State Recreation Area — south of Bigfork on Flathead Lake off Montana 35 C-3

CHARLIE RUSSELL COUNTRY
- James Kipp State Recreation Area — northeast of Lewistown off U.S. 191 C-4
- Tiber Dam State Recreation Area — southeast of Shelby off U.S. 2 B-6
- Lyon Franklin State Monument — 3 miles northwest of Lyon off I-15 C-6

MISSOURI RIVER COUNTRY
- Hell Creek State Recreation Area — north of Jordan off Montana 200 C-18
- Makoshika State Park — east of Glendive off I-94 D-13
- Nelson Reservoir State Recreation Area — east of Malta off U.S. 2 B-9
- Rock Creek State Recreation Area — southeast of Glasgow off Montana 24 C-10

YELLOWSTONE TREASURE COUNTRY
- Beaverhead Rock Recreation Area — 25 miles east of Missoula off I-90 E-3
- Canyon Ferry State Recreation Area — east of Helena off U.S. 12 287 E-6
- Cooney Reservoir Recreation Area — south of Columbus off I-90 E-3
- Deadmans Basin Recreation Area — west of Harlowton off U.S. 12 E-7
- Lost Creek State Park — northwest of Anaconda off I-90 F-3
- Painted Rocks Lake State Recreation Area — south of Hamilton off I-93 and Montana 473 F-3

CUSTER COUNTRY
- Medicine Rocks State Park — north of Ekalaka off Montana 7 F-13
- Rosebud State Recreation Area — at Forsyth on the Yellowstone River E-10

*Campgrounds, etc.
Pack and recreation to be on leased in State and National Parks

Governor Judge and family at the Montana Historical Society in Helena

Montana Welcomes YOU

Montana's natural beauty is known throughout the world. But equally as beautiful and worthwhile are the thousands of man-made treasures found in our museums, cities, historical sites and fabled ghost towns. This year set aside some time to see all of Montana... both inside and out. Please enjoy your visit and come back soon.

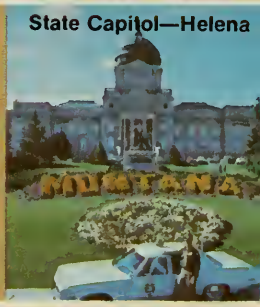
Thomas L. Judge

Governor Thomas L. Judge and family

Travel Safely

The highways of Montana are among America's finest and have been designed to allow the traveler to enjoy all of our magnificent scenery as safely as possible. So enjoy our beauty, and to insure yourself of the best vacation possible, observe our traffic regulations and please use your safety belts.

Colonel Joseph R. Sol Chief, Highway Patrol Bureau



State Capitol—Helena

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